

Green Bay Press-Gazette

SUNDAY, MARCH 7, 1999

INSIDE



Barbie turns 40 this week

The popular doll has come a long way from the original, left, to 1999's Working Woman Barbie D-1

Woman's death blamed on U.S. policy

Associated Press

The family of a Wisconsin woman who was executed with two other inmates in Venezuela is blaming the U.S. Justice and State departments for the deaths.

The U.S. government's support of the Colombian government's war against a rebel force resulted in the execution of the woman.

Washington resulted in the execution of the woman, said the family's lawyer.

The body of Ingrid Washinawak, 41, was found Thursday a week after she had been kidnapped in Washington, the State Department blamed the killing on the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia, the country's largest rebel group.

Washinawak was born on the northern Wisconsin Menominee reservation and went to New York City when she was 17 on an internship with the International Trade Commission.

Washinawak traveled throughout Central America, helping tribes develop their own education models.

WEATHER 34 13

Mostly sunny and cold. High 34, low 13.

INDEX

Lottery B-1, Caves G-1, Movies G-4, Classifieds H-1, Autos A-3, Avionics D-2, Comics A-1, Legal A-10, Real Estate F-1, Lifestyle G-1, Sports G-1, Localities B-1, Toys B-1, Money F-1, TV Viewings B-1

Plans for new Lambeau come down to cash

By Pete Dougherty Press-Gazette

Cash-flow problems prompted the Green Bay Packers Executive Committee to scrap plans to renovate Lambeau Field.

Harlan projected that Lambeau will become an economic liability for the Packers in 10 to 12 years, perhaps sooner. So last week, he began the long and potentially difficult campaign to obtain public funding to help pay for a new Lambeau Field, estimated to cost \$100 million to \$150 million.

Plans included by the Packers to replace one of the most used and venerable stadiums in all of American sports.

million a year to \$25 million. But the Packers are convinced that's not enough to compete in today's NFL.

Phoenix women gain NCAA tournament berth

UWGB won its fifth straight game Saturday, capturing its second straight conference tournament title and an automatic NCAA berth. C-1

Badgers fall in Big Ten Tournament. C-1 \$1.75 (\$2 MICHIGAN ONLY)



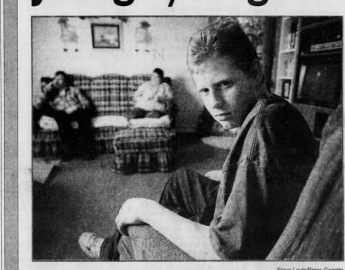
Lewis to speak at symposium

Green Bay Packers offensive coordinator Sherman Lewis will be the keynote speaker for the annual Outlook Symposium scheduled for Wednesday, March 24.

The half-day event will consist of Symposium sessions in the morning and workshop in the afternoon.

SPECIAL REPORT: FIRST OF THREE PARTS

City gangs getting younger, rougher



Nick Beyer, 16, sits in his living room with his parents to discuss the gang-related beating he suffered in November. The attack left him with neurological and eye problems. Five teens face charges from the case.



GREEN BAY'S

Green Bay Police Department A police evidence photo shows the severity of the gang-related beating Nick Beyer suffered at the hands of two teen-age girls and their boyfriends.

Beyer spent one hour in the emergency room the night after the beating and another eight hours the next day.

Police, others disagree on scope of problem

By Andy Nalless Press-Gazette

There are estimates that 800 reports of gang-related crimes in the past four years. The most — 301 cases — came in 1996. Gang-related crime has dropped 44 percent since then.

But violent gang crimes continue to rise in, and they make up a larger portion of gang crime as a whole, the computer analysis found. In 1995, there were 26 serious gang crimes in 1996, there were 41, a 56 percent increase.

Police estimate the number of gang members — ranging from hard-core to hangers-on — at several hundred.

But the numbers, perceptions vary about how much gang crime is affecting the community and whether it's being done to protect it.

About this series

This is the first of a three-part series exploring gang crime in Green Bay. Coming Monday: Green Bay police are taking a neighborhood approach to policing gangs. Coming Tuesday: Gang intervention experts struggle to reach kids at risk of joining to gangs.

Inside: Gangs 101: The basic characteristics of gangs explained. A-4 Portrait: Grandmother of Green Bay gangs trying to keep life on track. A-4 The look: Gangy parts, certain colors don't make a person a gangster. A-4 Hunter: Police are looking for a community support role to fight gangs. A-15 Please see Gangs, A-5

East will close for mercury cleanup

Bowling center opens on time for tournament

By Elaine Kwan Press-Gazette

Green Bay East High School will close Monday and Tuesday as the cleanup of a mercury spill continues.

School officials are still investigating how the poisonous liquid metal got into students' lunch trays.

Students spilled mercury on the lanes of Riviera Lanes and poured it into balls during a class trip there.

Superintendent Tim Loynt said the two-day closing should be enough time for Superior, an environmental cleanup firm, to remove all the mercury and test the air.

The district has one school day left this year. Those days are built into the school calendar in one-half week classes.

Whether the high school must make up the second day of closing is uncertain, Kwan said.

Green Bay police on Friday said a 16-year-old girl took the mercury from a classroom and dumped it with friends.

Whether the mercury came from a school laboratory "has not been established by us," said Assistant Superintendent Duane Neme. He said the investigation will determine whether the student faces disciplinary action.

The school district will also look at whether mercury should be removed from science classes, Neme said.

Anyone who was at the school who saw his name, please see Mercury, A-2

PCB studies deal little with impact on Green Bay

By Susan Campbell Press-Gazette

The state has offered a range of services and costs for testing the Fox River for PCBs but isn't addressing contamination in the bay of Green Bay — the area's most popular fishing and recreational fish consumption.

As a public service, the state's summary of draft studies outlining policy and costs for cleaning PCBs from the Fox River, Dec. 20, is available on page B-9 and B-10.

But the presence of polychlorinated biphenyls in bay sediment is responsible for

erian, and dioxin and reproductive problems in the bay's fish and wildlife.

The state Department of Natural Resources says it didn't include cleanup options for Green Bay along with the Fox River options released Feb. 26 because removing PCBs from the bay — what relatively few there are — is not feasible.

But others, among them the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency say that even if a cleanup project on the bay were rejected, the public should be given a chance to review costs and cleanup options for PCB contamination.

The document, really doesn't do much with Green Bay at all," said Jim Hagemer, who is overseeing the cleanup for the EPA Region V in Chicago.

We're not seeing it needs to be developed or anything like that, but we think Green Bay needs to be at least considered," he said. "If we're going to take it out, we need to say why we're taking it out. If it's not going to be considered for particular remedies because it's too big, or just not doable or looked at."

The EPA last summer identified 113 miles of the bay and 39 miles of the Fox River from Lake Winnebago to Green Bay as a proposed Superfund priority cleanup site.

The agency is concerned about PCB health risks to people and wildlife, and says Wisconsin's seven paper mills hold responsibility for the contamination have been too slow to correct the problem.

Please see PCBs, A-2

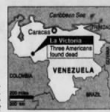
A-2 \*\* SUNDAY, MARCH 7, 1999 GREEN BAY PRESS-GAZETTE

# Authorities seek answers to slayings in Venezuela

**Associated Press**  
LA VICTORIA, Venezuela — The New American Immigrant workers kidnapped and slain while trying to help a Colombian mine group in a remote area of the country.

Salamanca, 46. "Who could have committed such a heinous crime?" The American workers were hired by the mine group, a member of the Mision Nacional de Venezuela. The mine group is a member of the Mision Nacional de Venezuela. The mine group is a member of the Mision Nacional de Venezuela.

No group has claimed responsibility for the killings, but Washington-based Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia (FARC), the country's largest rebel band, "are outraged by the murders," said a spokesman. "We demand the FARC accept responsibility for these crimes and immediately surrender those responsible."

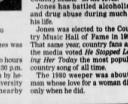


Colombian border. The slayings occurred near the border between Venezuela and Colombia.

# George Jones hurt in crash, listed in critical condition

**Associated Press**  
Nashville, Tenn. — Country singer George Jones was in critical condition Saturday after he was hurt in a plane crash while flying over his home while talking on a cell phone.

Franklin, Tenn. — Country singer George Jones was in critical condition Saturday after he was hurt in a plane crash while flying over his home while talking on a cell phone.



George Jones was hurt in a plane crash while flying over his home while talking on a cell phone.

# Smuggling boats sink; 40 feared drowned

**AP Wire Service**  
Miami, Fla. — Patrol investigators that one of two fishing boats being used to smuggle marijuana from the Bahamas were sunk Saturday in the Florida Straits.

Patrol investigators that one of two fishing boats being used to smuggle marijuana from the Bahamas were sunk Saturday in the Florida Straits.

Coast Guard station, and a rescue effort was launched. The first helicopter to arrive on the scene was from the Coast Guard station, and a rescue effort was launched.

# Morissette says fame very much overrated

**Associated Press**  
NEW YORK — Alanis Morissette is questioning the value of fame after the overwhelming success of her 1998 album, *Diary*.

NEW YORK — Alanis Morissette is questioning the value of fame after the overwhelming success of her 1998 album, *Diary*.

# Mercury/Crews work until early morning

**From A-1**  
Leadline, fitness or vomiting should call a health-care professional, Dr. John said.

Leadline, fitness or vomiting should call a health-care professional, Dr. John said.

Leadline, fitness or vomiting should call a health-care professional, Dr. John said.

# PCBs: Green Bay and beyond

**By Lisa Allen**  
The state's draft pollution plan for 1999 calls for a health-care professional, Dr. John said.

The state's draft pollution plan for 1999 calls for a health-care professional, Dr. John said.

# PCBs: Studies omit bay cleanup

**By Lisa Allen**  
The state's draft pollution plan for 1999 calls for a health-care professional, Dr. John said.

The state's draft pollution plan for 1999 calls for a health-care professional, Dr. John said.

The state's draft pollution plan for 1999 calls for a health-care professional, Dr. John said.

The state's draft pollution plan for 1999 calls for a health-care professional, Dr. John said.

# Correction policy

The Press-Gazette corrects fact errors promptly and courteously. We have a correction or clarification, please call the metro desk at 937-4400.

# Press-Gazette

Subscription information and contact details for the Press-Gazette. Includes phone numbers for advertising and circulation, and website information.

At least one-quarter of the PCBs in the bay and beyond are from the Great Lakes. The state's draft pollution plan for 1999 calls for a health-care professional, Dr. John said.

At least one-quarter of the PCBs in the bay and beyond are from the Great Lakes. The state's draft pollution plan for 1999 calls for a health-care professional, Dr. John said.

Special report

GREEN BAY PRESS-GAZETTE, SUNDAY, MARCH 7, 1999 • B-9

# Draft Studies Completed on Cleanup of PCBs in Lower Fox River Sediments

February 1999

## Draft Remedial Investigation, Risk Assessment and Feasibility Study Available for Public Review

### Public meetings planned for March 22 & 23

The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) will hold two public meetings Monday and Tuesday to submit the findings of the draft cleanup studies for the Lower Fox River. Comments will be accepted at the meetings. Written submissions will be accepted at the meetings and written submissions will start at 7 p.m. DNR staff will also be available from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. on the public.

Monday, March 22, 1999  
Open House at 6 p.m.  
Meeting at 7 p.m.  
Brown County Public Library  
1515 Pine Street, Green Bay

Tuesday, March 23, 1999  
Open House at 6 p.m.  
Meeting at 7 p.m.  
Fox Valley Technical College  
1325 N. Wisconsin Drive, Appleton

### Public comment period

DNR will accept written comments on these draft studies during a 60-day comment period from Feb. 26 to April 12, 1999. The draft studies are available for review at the following locations: DNR, 1000 Wisconsin Ave., Room 1000, Madison, WI 53707; DNR, 1000 Wisconsin Ave., Room 1000, Madison, WI 53707; DNR, 1000 Wisconsin Ave., Room 1000, Madison, WI 53707; DNR, 1000 Wisconsin Ave., Room 1000, Madison, WI 53707.

### Introduction

The Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (DNR) has been studying the Lower Fox River to determine if cleanup is needed to protect the river's sediments. Since March 1997, DNR has been working closely with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and other agencies to develop cleanup plans for the river. The EPA is leading the Superfund law. The EPA is leading the Superfund law. The EPA is leading the Superfund law.

### What and where are PCBs?

PCBs are a group of chemicals that are found in many products. They are found in many products. They are found in many products. They are found in many products. They are found in many products. They are found in many products.

### Remedial Investigation

The main purpose of the remedial investigation is to locate and assess PCBs in sediments of the Lower Fox River. This is the main purpose of the remedial investigation.



AREA IN QUESTION: The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has proposed listing the Fox River and part of the bay of Green Bay as a Superfund site because of widespread PCB contamination. The river is shown here in an aerial photograph taken looking south from the Tower Dow Bridge in the foreground.

### AREA IN QUESTION

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has proposed listing the Fox River and part of the bay of Green Bay as a Superfund site because of widespread PCB contamination. The river is shown here in an aerial photograph taken looking south from the Tower Dow Bridge in the foreground.

### Investigation for the foundation

to evaluate risks to people and the environment in the risk assessment and also cleanup options in the feasibility study.

### Risk Assessment

The risk assessment estimates which chemicals in the Lower Fox River could harm people, fish, wildlife and the environment. It identifies chemicals found in the river that could cause health problems for people or animals.

### Risk Findings

When compared to any other chemical found in the Lower Fox River, PCBs in sediments pose the greatest risks to both humans and wildlife. PCBs are found in many products. They are found in many products. They are found in many products.

### How the human risk assessment is done

The human risk assessment is done by looking at the amount of PCBs in the river and how much people are exposed to them.



AREA IN QUESTION: The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has proposed listing the Fox River and part of the bay of Green Bay as a Superfund site because of widespread PCB contamination. The river is shown here in an aerial photograph taken looking south from the Tower Dow Bridge in the foreground.

### AREA IN QUESTION

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has proposed listing the Fox River and part of the bay of Green Bay as a Superfund site because of widespread PCB contamination. The river is shown here in an aerial photograph taken looking south from the Tower Dow Bridge in the foreground.

### Investigation for the foundation

to evaluate risks to people and the environment in the risk assessment and also cleanup options in the feasibility study.

### Risk Assessment

The risk assessment estimates which chemicals in the Lower Fox River could harm people, fish, wildlife and the environment. It identifies chemicals found in the river that could cause health problems for people or animals.

### Risk Findings

When compared to any other chemical found in the Lower Fox River, PCBs in sediments pose the greatest risks to both humans and wildlife. PCBs are found in many products. They are found in many products. They are found in many products.

### How the human risk assessment is done

The human risk assessment is done by looking at the amount of PCBs in the river and how much people are exposed to them.



AREA IN QUESTION: The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has proposed listing the Fox River and part of the bay of Green Bay as a Superfund site because of widespread PCB contamination. The river is shown here in an aerial photograph taken looking south from the Tower Dow Bridge in the foreground.

### AREA IN QUESTION

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has proposed listing the Fox River and part of the bay of Green Bay as a Superfund site because of widespread PCB contamination. The river is shown here in an aerial photograph taken looking south from the Tower Dow Bridge in the foreground.

### Investigation for the foundation

to evaluate risks to people and the environment in the risk assessment and also cleanup options in the feasibility study.

### Risk Assessment

The risk assessment estimates which chemicals in the Lower Fox River could harm people, fish, wildlife and the environment. It identifies chemicals found in the river that could cause health problems for people or animals.

### Risk Findings

When compared to any other chemical found in the Lower Fox River, PCBs in sediments pose the greatest risks to both humans and wildlife. PCBs are found in many products. They are found in many products. They are found in many products.

### How the human risk assessment is done

The human risk assessment is done by looking at the amount of PCBs in the river and how much people are exposed to them.



AREA IN QUESTION: The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has proposed listing the Fox River and part of the bay of Green Bay as a Superfund site because of widespread PCB contamination. The river is shown here in an aerial photograph taken looking south from the Tower Dow Bridge in the foreground.

### AREA IN QUESTION

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has proposed listing the Fox River and part of the bay of Green Bay as a Superfund site because of widespread PCB contamination. The river is shown here in an aerial photograph taken looking south from the Tower Dow Bridge in the foreground.

### Investigation for the foundation

to evaluate risks to people and the environment in the risk assessment and also cleanup options in the feasibility study.

### Risk Assessment

The risk assessment estimates which chemicals in the Lower Fox River could harm people, fish, wildlife and the environment. It identifies chemicals found in the river that could cause health problems for people or animals.

### Risk Findings

When compared to any other chemical found in the Lower Fox River, PCBs in sediments pose the greatest risks to both humans and wildlife. PCBs are found in many products. They are found in many products. They are found in many products.

### How the human risk assessment is done

The human risk assessment is done by looking at the amount of PCBs in the river and how much people are exposed to them.

## Editor's note

This summary of draft reports outlining cleanup options and costs for the Fox River is being published by the Press-Gazette as a public service for our readers. The summary, prepared by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, is being published herein, except for addition of artwork, references to tables and an explanation of the charts on the next page.

### Long-discussed plans to clean

polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) from the Fox River sediment are at a critical stage. The DNR is seeking the public's participation in developing the plan. The plan should be ready at what cost.

### Long-discussed plans to clean

polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) from the Fox River sediment are at a critical stage. The DNR is seeking the public's participation in developing the plan. The plan should be ready at what cost.

### Long-discussed plans to clean

polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) from the Fox River sediment are at a critical stage. The DNR is seeking the public's participation in developing the plan. The plan should be ready at what cost.

### Long-discussed plans to clean

polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) from the Fox River sediment are at a critical stage. The DNR is seeking the public's participation in developing the plan. The plan should be ready at what cost.

### Long-discussed plans to clean

polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) from the Fox River sediment are at a critical stage. The DNR is seeking the public's participation in developing the plan. The plan should be ready at what cost.

Please see Draft studies, B-10

## Feasibility Study

The feasibility study identified the cleanup options for cleaning up PCBs in the Lower Fox River. It also assessed the costs of these options.

### Feasibility Study

The feasibility study identified the cleanup options for cleaning up PCBs in the Lower Fox River. It also assessed the costs of these options.

### Feasibility Study

The feasibility study identified the cleanup options for cleaning up PCBs in the Lower Fox River. It also assessed the costs of these options.

## Special report

# Fox River PCB cleanup options

PETER GUSTAVS

At left are proposed options for addressing PCB contamination in the Fox River, as outlined by the state Department of Natural Resources in studies released Feb. 28.

The river is broken into four segments from Lake Winnebago to Green Bay and a number of cleanup options are shown for each river segment.

In each of the four segments, Alternative A would lower levels of polychlorinated biphenyls in all river sediments to 50 parts per billion, in the other alternatives — except for the no-action option — PCB levels would be lowered to an average of 250 ppb.

The DNR has assessed a landfill disposal site would be located within a 50-mile radius of the cleanup for all options that call for such a disposal.

### Little Lake Butte des Morts river reach

	Alternative A		Alternative B		Alternative C		Alternative D		Alternative E		Alternative F	No Action
	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High		
Sediment Removal Volume (cubic yards)	1,965,000	63,000	1,106,000	43,000	405,000	63,000	466,000	63,000	479,000	63,000	0	0
Mass of PCB (pounds)	3,421	567	3,369	567	1,575	567	1,575	567	977	567	0	0
<b>Removal</b>												
Hydraulic	✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		✓	
Mechanical	✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		✓	
<b>Dewatering</b>												
Mechanical											✓	
Setting ponds on Arrowhead Park			✓		✓		✓		✓		✓	
Setting ponds on barge			✓		✓		✓		✓		✓	
Setting ponds in on-site Confined Disposal Facility			✓		✓		✓		✓		✓	
<b>High Temperature Thermal Destruction</b>												
Off-site (licensed landfill)	✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		✓	
On-site (Confined Disposal Facility)	✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		✓	
<b>Capping</b>												
Sand			✓		✓		✓		✓		✓	
Estimated Cost *	\$93,500,000	\$67,000,000	\$68,300,000	\$61,500,000	\$68,000,000	\$61,500,000	\$68,000,000	\$61,500,000	\$68,000,000	\$61,500,000	\$0	\$0
Estimated Time to Implement	0 years	4 years	3 years	2 years	3 years	2 years	3 years	2 years	3 years	2 years	1 year	-

### Appleton to Little Rapids river reach

	Alternative A		Alternative B		Alternative C		Alternative D		Alternative E		Alternative F		No Action
	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	
Sediment Removal Volume (cubic yards)	1,965,000	63,000	1,106,000	43,000	405,000	63,000	466,000	63,000	479,000	63,000	0	0	0
Mass of PCB (pounds)	3,421	567	3,369	567	1,575	567	1,575	567	977	567	0	0	0
<b>Removal</b>													
Hydraulic	✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
Mechanical	✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
<b>Dewatering</b>													
Mechanical											✓		
Setting ponds in new landfill			✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
<b>High Temperature Thermal Destruction</b>													
Off-site (licensed landfill)	✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
On-site (Confined Disposal Facility)	✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
<b>Capping</b>													
Sand			✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
Estimated Cost *	\$113,900,000	\$92,200,000	\$103,000,000	\$89,900,000	\$102,000,000	\$89,900,000	\$102,000,000	\$89,900,000	\$102,000,000	\$89,900,000	\$0	\$0	\$0
Estimated Time to Implement	4 years	4 years	4 years	4 years	4 years	4 years	4 years	4 years	4 years	4 years	0 year	0 year	0 year

### De Pere Dam to Green Bay river reach

	Alternative A		Alternative B		Alternative C		Alternative D		Alternative E		Alternative F		No Action
	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	
Sediment Removal Volume (cubic yards)	1,440,000	250,000	5,480,000	250,000	4,815,000	250,000	4,471,000	250,000	4,471,000	250,000	0	0	0
Mass of PCB (pounds)	46,368	3,159	48,368	3,159	43,363	3,159	42,367	3,159	42,367	3,159	36,804	3,159	0
<b>Removal</b>													
Hydraulic	✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
Mechanical	✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
<b>Dewatering</b>													
Mechanical											✓		
Setting ponds on barge			✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
Setting ponds in landfill			✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
Setting ponds in on-site Confined Disposal Facility			✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
<b>High Temperature Thermal Destruction</b>													
Off-site (licensed landfill)	✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
On-site (licensed landfill)	✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
On-site (Confined Disposal Facility)	✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
<b>Capping</b>													
Sand			✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
Estimated Cost *	\$490,000,000	\$48,900,000	\$427,600,000	\$131,000,000	\$427,600,000	\$131,000,000	\$427,600,000	\$131,000,000	\$427,600,000	\$131,000,000	\$158,300,000	\$0	\$0
Estimated Time to Implement	10 years	9 years	7 years	7 years	7 years	7 years	7 years	7 years	7 years	7 years	7 years	7 years	7 years

### Little Rapids to De Pere Dam river reach

	Alternative A		Alternative B		Alternative C		Alternative D		Alternative E		Alternative F		No Action
	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	
Sediment Removal Volume (cubic yards)	1,965,000	63,000	1,106,000	43,000	405,000	63,000	466,000	63,000	479,000	63,000	0	0	0
Mass of PCB (pounds)	3,421	567	3,369	567	1,575	567	1,575	567	977	567	0	0	0
<b>Removal</b>													
Hydraulic	✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
Mechanical	✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
<b>Dewatering</b>													
Mechanical											✓		
Setting ponds on barge			✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
Setting ponds in landfill			✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
Setting ponds in on-site Confined Disposal Facility			✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
<b>High Temperature Thermal Destruction</b>													
Off-site (licensed landfill)	✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
On-site (licensed landfill)	✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
On-site (Confined Disposal Facility)	✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
<b>Capping</b>													
Sand			✓		✓		✓		✓		✓		
Estimated Cost *	\$113,900,000	\$92,200,000	\$103,000,000	\$89,900,000	\$102,000,000	\$89,900,000	\$102,000,000	\$89,900,000	\$102,000,000	\$89,900,000	\$0	\$0	\$0
Estimated Time to Implement	4 years	4 years	4 years	4 years	4 years	4 years	4 years	4 years	4 years	4 years	0 year	0 year	0 year

### DRAFT STUDIES

#### From B-3

What is the volume of contaminated sediments cleaned up from the Lower Fox River?

What is the cost of implementing each alternative?

#### Next steps

**Public comments needed**

These draft documents are now available for public review and comment. Citizens have the opportunity to read the studies at information repositories set up at local libraries and on the DNR's Web site (see addresses below). Written comments will be accepted during the public comment period, which runs from Feb. 24 to April 13, 1999. People may also provide comments at public meetings scheduled for March 21 in Green Bay and March 23 in Appleton.

The DNR staff leading these studies will review all comment from the public as well as input from the EPA, other agencies and the companies potentially responsible for contamination. DNR will respond to comments in a decision called a response summary. This summary will be available later this year both at information repositories set up at Fox Valley libraries and on the DNR Web.

The final report, particularly the feasibility study, will provide the state with the final recommended cleanup plan to include in the decision known as the Record of Decision. The record of decision is the whole river cleanup plan recommended by state and federal agencies.

Once the department issues the proposed cleanup plan, people will have another opportunity to share their comments and concerns before the plan is finalized.

The proposed plan will include more detailed information on cleanup cost and time frames for implementing the cleanup.

#### Schedule of upcoming activities

- Final study—Summer 1999
- Proposed cleanup plan—Summer/Fall 1999
- Public comment period—Summer/Fall 1999
- Record of Decision—Fall winter 1999
- Public comment period—Winter/Summer 1999

#### Where to send comments

- Send written comments on the draft evaluations to Lower Fox River Cleanup, P.O. 2, Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, 161 S. Webster, P.O. Box 9911, Madison, WI 53707. Comments must be postmarked by April 13, 1999.
- Copies of comments should also be sent to Fox River RI FS, U.S. EPA, SR 43, 77 W. Jackson Street, Chicago, IL 60604.

#### For more information:

- Visit DNR's Web site at <http://www.dnr.state.wi.gov> or enter/rew/lowfox.
- The text of the reports and some tables and figures will be posted on DNR's Web site during the week of March 7.
- Contact Irene Sadowski, DNR public affairs or call 482-2802.
- Visit one of the information repositories set up at libraries in the Fox Valley. The full reports will be available at the following libraries:

- Appleton Public Library, 225 N. Grand St.
- Wrightstown Public Library, 829 Main St.
- Neshanic Public Library, P.O. Box 580
- De Pere Public Library, 300 Main Ave.
- Doukhon Public Library, 136 Washington Ave.
- Keshikoma Public Library, 111 Main Ave.
- Brown County Library, 613 Fox St., Green Bay
- Door County Library, 164 S. Fourth Ave., Sturgeon Bay
- Little Chute Public Library, 626 Grand Ave.
- Onondaga Community Library, 201 Elm St., Oneida

Prepared by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources  
Publication Number: CB-262